The Geometry of Constant Function Market Makers

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Outline

A (quick) introduction

Sets and geometry

Dual cone

Conclusion

Automated market makers

- Some contract with n assets
- **ightharpoonup** Given a trade $\Delta \in \mathbf{R}^n$ accepts or rejects it via some rule
- ▶ Usually has some *reserves* $R \in \mathbf{R}_{+}^{n}$ from which it pays out
- ▶ Reserves are the updated $R \to R + \Delta$

Constant function market makers

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- ightharpoonup A trade Δ is accepted if, and only if,

$$\varphi(R+\Delta)\geq k$$

where R are the reserves available!

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ightharpoonup Possibly the most famous example is Uniswap (v1/v2)

$$\varphi(R)=R_1R_2$$

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- lacktriangle Average over $\sim 1 T$ USD in volume per year!

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- Most derived from an 'algebraic view'
- But, fundamentally, CFMMs are geometric objects
- (With very intuitive properties)
- Can we show/generalize results using one framework?

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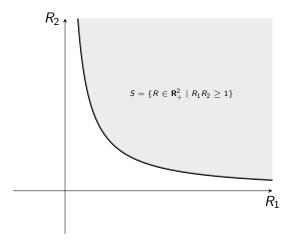
Conclusion

A basic definition

- ▶ A constant function market maker is defined by a set S
- ▶ The reachable reserve set $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}_+^n$ satisfies two properties:
 - 1. The set S is nonempty, closed, and convex
 - 2. The set is *upward closed*: if $R \in S$ and $R' \ge R$ then $R' \in S$

Pictures

For example Uniswap v1/v2



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- ightharpoonup Where Δ is a valid trade
- lacktriangle Equivalently, can move to new reserves $R' \in \mathcal{S}$ by paying Δ

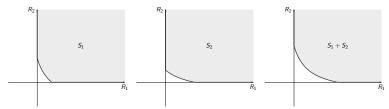
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- \blacktriangleright Where \triangle is a valid trade
- ▶ Equivalently, can move to new reserves $R' \in S$ by paying Δ
- Includes original definition

$$S = \{R \mid \varphi(R) \ge k\}$$

Immediate consequences

- ► Reachable sets (therefore CFMMs) are closed under:
 - 1. Set (Minkowski) addition
 - 2. Scaling
 - 3. Intersection
 - 4. Nonnegative matrix multiplication
- Example of addition:



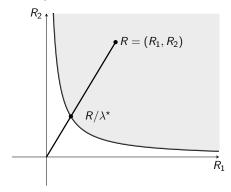
► For each reachable set *S* there is a *canonical trading function*

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- Canonical function is homogeneous, concave, nondecreasing
- Also unique(!) up to scaling
- Uniswap canonical trading function: $\varphi(R) = \sqrt{R_1 R_2}$

The liquidity cone

► The canonical trading function is actually not as important as the *liquidity cone*

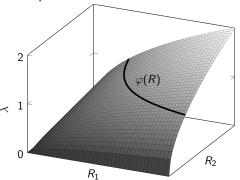
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Liquidity cone equivalence

► Liquidity cone (from before)

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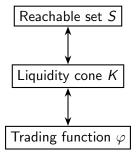
▶ The liquidity cone *K* 'contains' the reachable set *S*

$$S = \{R \mid (R, 1) \in K\}$$

► Cone *K* also gives canonical trading function

$$\varphi(R) = \sup\{\lambda \mid (R, \lambda) \in K\}$$

Where are we so far?



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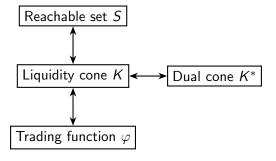
Dual cone

▶ A closed convex cone *K* has a convex *dual cone K**:

$$K^* = \{ y \mid x^T y \ge 0 \text{ for all } x \in K \}$$

- This dual cone is another representation of the original cone
- ► Called the *dual* since $(K^*)^* = K$

A new challenger has arrived!



Dual cone for liquidity cone

▶ What is the dual of the liquidity cone?

$$K^* = \{(c, \eta) \mid c^T R + \eta \ge 0 \text{ for all } R \in S\}$$

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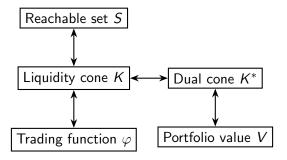
$$K^* = \{(c, \eta) \mid c^T R + \eta \ge 0 \text{ for all } R \in S\}$$

► For those familiar: looks a lot like the portfolio value function!

$$V(c) = \inf\{c^T R \mid R \in S\}$$

= $\sup\{-\eta \mid (c, \eta) \in K^*\}$

The last domino

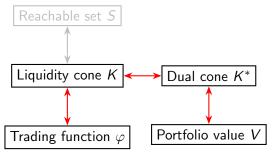


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And backwards:

$$\varphi(R) = \inf_{c>0} \left(\frac{c^T R}{V(c)} \right)$$

A more symmetric form than known previously

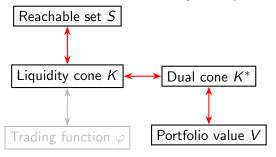
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- ▶ We had operations on the reachable set *S*
- ► Addition, scaling, etc.
- Can we 'follow arrows' to find what they correspond to?



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and so on!

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▶ The 'fancy' statement:

There is an operation-preserving isomorphism $S \leftrightarrow V$

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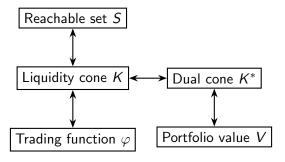
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One more time



Paper has many more results

- Simple equivalences for path-independence
- ► General single-trade case
- Equivalence of routing and CFMM aggregation
- Connections to prediction markets (originally from Frongillo, Papireddygari, and Waggoner)
- Among many more!

Thanks!

